L3Pilot Final Event

@ ITS World Congress in Hamburg 2021

Day I, October IS	Der 13		Day 2, October 14	Der 14	
Moderator: Sven Oswald	/en Oswald				
09:00 - 10:00	09:00 - 10:00 Opening Session		01:60 - 00:60	EU Support for Large-	Marcel Rommerts, Head of Unit - Transport
01:60 - 00:60	L3Pilot - the Flagship Project	Aria Etemad , Coordinator L3Pilot, Volkswagen AG	09:10 - 10:30	scale Cooperation Supplementary Studies	Kesearcn, European Commission, CINEA Tyron Louw , Senior Research Fellow, Institute
09:10 - 09:20		Nikolai Ardey , Executive Director Group Innovation, Volkswagen AG		with Simulators and Wizard of Oz Vehicles	for Transport Studies, University of Leeds Barbara Metz , Research Scientist, WIVW Alexander Zerbe , Researcher, BASt
09:20 - 09:30	EU Vision and Strategy for CCAM	Tom Alkim , Policy Officer, European Commission at DG RTD			Linda Pipkorn, PhD Student, Chalmers Univers Johanna Wörle, Research Scientist, WIVW
09:30 - 09:40		Stefan Deix, Director European Council	10:30 - 11:00 Break	reak	
	mobility - a EUCAR perspective	for Automotive R&D - EUCAR	11:00 - 11:30	Mobility Impact Assessment	Esko Lehtonen, Senior Scientist, VTT
09:40 - 10:00	L3Pilot Key Results	Aria Etemad , Coordinator L3Pilot, Volkswagen AG	11:30 - 12:30	Efficiency and Environmental	Elina Aittoniemi, Senior Scientist, VTT Teemu Itkonen, Research Scientist, VTT
10:00 - 11:00 E	10:00 - 11:00 Break and Exhibition			Impact Assessment	Michael Schuldes, Research Assistant, ika
11:00 - 12:30 H	11:00 - 12:30 Harmonisation: Frame the Path	c	12:30 - 14:00 🗆	12:30 - 14:00 Lunch & Exhibition	
11:00 - 11:30	Code of Practice	Yves Page, Project Leader Automated Driving Experiments, Renault Group	14:00 - 15:30	Safety Impact Assessment: Quantitative & Qualitative	Felix Fahrenkrog, Expert, BMW Marco Dozza, Professor in Division Vehicle Safery Chalmers University
11:30 - 11:50	Piloting Automated Driving	Luisa Andreone, Programme Manager, Automation & Connectivity, Stellantis-CRF			Hendrik Weber, Specialist Scenario-based V&V, ika
11:50 - 12:20	Data Handling & Sharing	Johannes Hiller, Group Leader Data & Intelligent Infrastructure, ika			Marcel Borrack, Accident Research Expert, AZ Yves Page, Project Leader Automated Driving Experiments, Renault Group
12:20 - 12:30	Methodology & Evaluation		15:30 – 16:00 Break	sreak	
		renark weber, specialist Scenario-based V&V, ika	16:00 - 17:00	Safety Impact Assessment: Scaling	Anne Silla, Research Team Leader, VTT
12:30 - 14:00 L	12:30 - 14:00 Lunch, Networking and Exhibition	tion		up to European Level	
14:00 - 14:40	Overall Methodology and Evaluation Framework	Satu Innamaa, Principal Scientist, VTT Hendrik Weber, Specialist Scenario, based V,8V, itea		Socio-economic Impact Assessment	Afsaneh Bjorvatn, Senior Researcher, SNF
14:40 - 15:30	Technical & Traffic Evaluation	Barbara Metz, Research Scientist, WIVW Johannes Hiller, Group Leader Data & Intelligent Infrastructure ika		Wrap Up of Impact Assessment	Yees Page, Project Leader Automated Driving Experiments, Renault Group Hendrik Weber, Specialist Scenario-based V&V, ika
15:30 - 16:00 Break	Break		17:00 - 17:15 Break	reak	
16:00 - 17:00	Technical & User Evaluation		17:15 - 17:45	International L3 User Acceptance Survey	Tanja Kessel, Managing Director, EICT
	User & Acceptance Evaluation	Tyron Louw, Senior Research Fellow, Institute for Transport Studies, University of Leeds Marco Dozza, Professor in Division Vehicle Safety, Chalmers University	17:45 - 18:15	Collaborative Business Models for Automated Driving	Frank Berkers, Senior Scientist, TNO David Ertl, EU Project Officer, FIA Eckhard Schueler-Hainsch, Innovation Manader. EICT
17:00 - 17:15 Break	ireak		18:15 - 18:30	Outlook: Towards	Aria Etemad. Coordinator
17:15 - 18:15	L3Pilot Published Databases	Hendrik Weber, Specialist Scenario-based V&V, ika		Deployment of High Automation	L3Pilot, Volkswagen AG
	AIM Mobile Traffic Acquisition System	Michael Boehm, Senior Researcher, DLR	18:30 End of the Final Event	he Final Event	

Welcome to the L3Pilot Final Event.



A couple of years ago it became quite common sense in the automotive industry to dream about how highly automated driving could become reality very soon. Yet, at the same time having vehicles of SAE Level 3 or even Level 4 Automated Driving Functions on public roads seemed like the great challenge, if not unrealistic or dangerous.

Within L3Pilot 34 partners from industry and academics tackled this challenge and put more than 70 fully equipped prototype cars on public roads all across Europe, including cross-border activities. More than 750 test participants drove 400,000 kilometres, half of them in Automated Driving mode.

L3Pilot has clearly shown how fragmented the Operational Design Domains (ODDs) of the functions still are. To extend the ODDs and to make them more continuous on all of Europe's roads, while we celebrate the closing L3Pilot we have already initiated and started the follow-on project: Hi-Drive.

I would like to thank the European Commission for their continuous support of our efforts as well as the European Council for Automotive R&D. I also would like to thank the ITS World Congress 2021 organisers for having us as part of their event and enabling a broad visibility for our work.

My foremost gratitude goes to our partners not only for having successfully accomplished our targets despite a major pandemic crisis, but also for having realised driving demonstrations in and around the City of Hamburg, a huge exhibition and a conference at the highest level. Do not miss out to find online what you learned these days on-site in the aftermath of the Final Event.

For now, join the ride and enjoy your hands-off experience.

Yours faithfully

Aria Exemad

Aria Etemad, L3Pilot Coordinator, Volkswagen AG

L3Pilot Driving Demonstrations and Exhibition October 11 - 15, 2021



Motorway Demonstration

Urban Demonstration

Facts

Duration:	50 month, September 01, 2017 - October 31, 2021
Budget:	€ 68 million, thereof € 36 million co-funded by the European Union

Consortium: 34 partners, among them OEMs, suppliers, research, SMEs, insurers, authorities and user groups, from 12 countries: Austria, Belgium, France, Finland, Germany, Greece, Italy, the Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom



L3Pilot Final Event Final Conference 13 - 14 OCT **Driving Demonstrations and** Exhibition 11 - 15 OCT

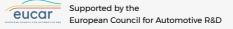




All deliverables are available online.

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1,000 drivers

cars

countries



Automated driving technology has matured over the past ten years to a state in which road tests are required to answer key questions before the systems are introduced to the market. The newly attained level of maturity justified a comprehensive assessment of automated driving, what is happening both inside and outside the vehicles, how vehicle security can be ensured, evaluating safety, other societal impacts and emerging business models.

SAE LEVEL 0 1 2 3 4 5

In the L3Pilot consortium we brought together stakeholders from the whole value chain, including car manufacturers, suppliers, academia, research institutes, infrastructure and governmental agencies, user groups and the insurance sector. The experience of the partners in large-scale testing intelligent vehicle technologies made it possible to create a pan-European testing environment."

Aria Etemad, Volkswagen AG, L3Pilot Coordinator

Joint European effort boosts automated driving: From piloting to business scenarios

extensive interaction between drivers and testable functions. L3Pilot executed large-scale piloting of environments in variable conditions.

ecent work indicates how automated driving functions The consortium of altogether 34 partners made the project can be best validated by means of comprehensive come true. 14 partners tested automated systems in normal road tests with a sufficiently long operation time and 👘 motorway driving, traffic jams, urban driving and parking. The pilots, executed from April 2019 until February 2021, involved seven countries: Belgium, Germany, France, Italy, Luxemburg, automation with developed SAE Level 3 and Level 4 Sweden and the United Kingdom and included two cross functions exposed to different users and mixed traffic border activities, between Germany and Luxemburg as well as between Germany, Belgium and the United Kingdom.

	Par	tner	/ c	ountry	Region			Partn	er	/ Coi	untry	Region	
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Pan-European testing environment and comprehensive methodology to study the effects of automated driving developed

For the technical work, the piloting activity on public roads presupposed creating first a harmonised Europe-wide piloting environment together with coordinating activities across the piloting community to acquire the required data. Furthermore, to make this happen, an 'operating system' for piloting was needed, and this meant tailoring a methodology to encompass all the requirements needed for automated driving tests in real traffic.

L3Pilot Automated Driving Functions

The European tradition brought to the next level: FESTA for automated driving tests

- 128 research questions for all evaluation and impact areas developed: technical and traffic evaluation | user and acceptance evaluation | impact evaluation: mobility, safety, efficiency and environment | socio-economic evaluation.
- More than 70 Derived Measures (DMs) and Performance Indicators (PIs) and over 100 vehicle signals and data logging requirements for answering research and impact questions defined.
- Experimental procedure, tools and evaluation methods for all research questions set.
- New solutions using scenario-based evaluation and for scale-up of impacts to European level developed.

Test activities and surveys on a large scale

- 750 test persons participated in piloting
- About 600 persons contributed to detailed supplementary experiments
- 70 test vehicles of 13 different vehicle brands from a passenger car to a SUV
- More than 400,000 test kilometres on motorways, half of them in automated mode and half in manual mode as a baseline for comparison of the user experience and evaluation of the impacts
- 25,000 test kilometres in urban traffic, 22,200 in automated mode and **1,800** as a baseline
- **36,000** respondents in global surveys

Framework for data sharing created: Common Data Format

L3Pilot partners succeeded in developing a A Consolidated Database (CDB) was designed Common Data Format (CDF) that enables an and built for the data management and analysis to enable sharing and merging the data from all optimised process of data collection, storage and evaluation. It secures an essential pipeline from pilot sites. The research questions aimed at an data collection to a project-wide tool chain for analysis of the vehicle and driver performance in different experimental conditions - automated all analysis of vehicle and related data, e.g. driver, traffic and weather, in the project. This compact driving function off vs. automated driving and extensible format allows to handle extremely function on -, road types, e.g. motorway and urban, and specific driving scenarios, such as large amounts of field test data collected in pilots cut-in, approaching a lead vehicle, following a and marks an important milestone towards a common Europe-wide piloting environment. As a lead vehicle in a traffic jam. The L3Pilot CDB is a format harmonised between tens of organisations configured instance of the open source Measurify performing tests in the L3Pilot project, the development framework: proposed CDF has the potential to promote data <u>measurify.org</u> sharing as well as the development of tools and to gain popularity in other projects. The L3Pilot CDF based on the HDF5 data model as well as the conversion scripts have been published on GitHub:

github.com/I3pilot/I3pilot-cdf.

Again, stuck in a traffic jam, like every day. I am so tired of it.

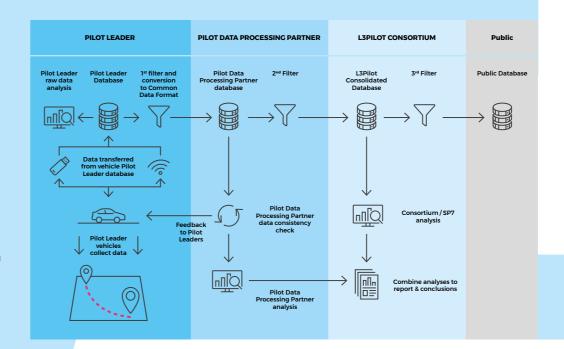
TRAFFIC JAM CHAUFFEUR

THE L3PILOT TRAFFIC JAM CHAUFFEUR SAE L3 **RELIEVES** the human driver from exhausting nanual driving during traffic jams. On motorwavs and similar roads the car takes over the driving in traffic jam sections up to 60 km/h. When the detection of slow driving vehicles in front indicates a traffic iam. the function can be activated. In some instances, the car changes the lane to react to a slower vehicle ahead or to the road infrastructure. like in case of exit lanes.

th the Motorway Chauffeur SAE L3, the 130 km/h. It follows the lane and adjust eeping a safe distance to the vehicle in or following the speed limit. If a precedi ver vehicle is detected, the car overta utomatically as soon as it is safely possi

L3Pilot Open Data

L3Pilot Open Data contains completely anonymised data on an aggregated level without any direct link to single pilot sites. It enables researchers to investigate the overall behaviour of automated driving functions and human drivers. Furthermore, the L3Pilot partners Volkswagen AG and fka GmbH (linked 3rd party) provided open drone datasets: <u>I3pilot.eu/data.</u>



Consolidated Database created to handle huge amounts of data in a discreet manner

Supplementary studies to emphasise the focus on the user

L3Pilot carried out extensive supplementary tests. They dealt with user-related experiences that were difficult to address in large-scale piloting due to safety requirements and legal issues. Therefore, supplementary research was planned to study system usage and other relevant user topics with ordinary, non-professional drivers in a safe environment. These studies comprised some 600 subjects.

Code of Practice created to speed up and harmonise the development of automated systems

Equally important was to use the experience gained in the project to build guidelines how to further develop automated technologies in the form of a Code of Practice for the Development of Automated Driving Functions as well as to promote the project findings to stakeholders outside the consortium.



I 3Pilot executed a series of showcases bringing the latest technology to the

PARKING CHAUFFEUR

Evaluating the data

The evaluation of the data focused on four primary (iii) Impact assessment focused on the potential areas of analysis: (i) Technical and Traffic evaluation impacts of so-called mature automated driving assessed the effect of automated driving on vehicle behaviour and the surrounding traffic. (ii) User and acceptance evaluation assessed users' evaluation and acceptance of automated driving functions and behaviour with the functions.

functions on personal mobility, traffic safety, traffic efficiency and the environment. (iv) Socio-economic impact assessment utilised the above analyses to determine monetary values for the estimated effects as well as costs and benefits of automated driving.

Evaluation results at a glimpse

- Increased safety is the main benefit of SAE Level 3 automated driving systems
- SAE Level 3 automated driving has potential to improve transport network efficiency and to reduce emissions in situations with high traffic volume on motorways.
- Automated driving functions are expected to increase travel quality by enabling non-driving related activities and increasing travel comfort.
- Automated driving functions provide a more stable longitudinal control of the vehicle as well as a better lane keeping performance.
- In more than 60% of take-over situations, it took less than 4 seconds for drivers to react to the take-over request. The reaction time in 99% of situations was below 10 seconds. None of the analysed everyday take-over situations resulted in a critical driving situation.
- Although parking systems perform the manoeuvres at lower speeds, more than two out of three find the system useful and trust it to park.
- Urban automated vehicles may perform slower manoeuvres at intersections, but flow with traffic comparable to human drivers outside of intersections.
- An automated driving system consisting of motorway, urban and parking functions is expected to generate a social benefit that is higher than the social costs of installing it.
- Still, more information is needed on the dynamics of the mature automated driving functions and their interactions with other road users in real traffic.
- The majority of users would be willing to use the motorway (83%), urban (76%) or parking (58%) automated driving functions they tested and with repeated usage, drivers rated them more positively.
- Global user surveys revealed large differences between countries in expressing an intention to use SAE Level 3 automated system. In the East and emerging countries the willingness was highest, whereas technologically developed western countries showed the lowest intention.

Automated driving business scenarios were envisioned and analysed

through the tumult of digitalisation is difficult to and charted the deployment potential for the predict. For this reason, L3Pilot explored possible market introduction of automated vehicles.

How the automotive market will make its way service concepts providing new mobility solutions

ban areas

The Urban Chauffeur targets stress-free driving in urban areas. With the Urban Chauffeur the vehicle automatically follows the lane, starts and stops and handles overtaking within cities. When coming to a crossing the car handles right and left turns, recognises on-coming traffic and vulnerable road users such as pedestrians, and selects the correct crossing path, even if no lane marking is present.

JRBAN CHAUFFEUR